African ICT: Smart Infrastructure for Innovation

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Innovation Journey



Economies are going digital fast



Countries are setting policies to encourage ICT investment







Singapore Smart Nation

Digital Canada 150

Smart Digital Malaysia







Industry 4.0

Advanced Manufacturing 2.0









Connected Argentina

148 countries have developed national broadband plan strategy or policy - ITU





Source : Economist Intelligence Unit

ICT drives digital transformation



China: Turnovers of e-commerce
 exceed CNY18 trillion, by-passing the credit card
 stage and directly entering the e-payment era, 12.7%
 of the total retail sales of consumer goods

 Malaysia: MyTeksi enables mobile taxi booking and goods delivery, mitigating traffic jams and enhancing efficiency

Source: WEF 2015, GCI 2016, GeSI



Digital economy needs infrastructure

- Overwhelming evidence to support benefit of broadband investment in the creation of jobs and GDP growth
- Benefit : cost ratio of between 2.7 and 2.9 (Europe)¹
- Household monthly income increases US\$322 (OECD) and US\$46 (BRICS), while bandwidth upgraded from 0.5Mbps to 4Mbps







About 1B Households are Unconnected

Households: 779M connected, 992M unconnected

Connect 2020: Drive households BB fast-growing





148 Countries with National Broadband Plans



More than 300M households will be connected by 2020







Deploying Gigabits

gigabitmonitor.com





Technology



Who is deploying GPON



Huawei GCI

Benchmarking digital economy transformation



The GCI provides a comprehensive and objective assessment of a country's connectivity from both a national and business perspective.



5 technology enablers

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Data Centers

Cloud

Distribution model for mass market as to computing and stor

Big Data

Applications and analytics convert data into information and insights. Data abundance and computing capabilities are demand drivers. Data quality and real-time are

Internet of Things

Sensor and actuator networks for data collection and response. Availability of network and application areas are demand drivers. Quality analytics and applicability are experience drivers.

Broadband providing computing and s providing computing dat		ge facilities for power and	capabilities. Access and affordability are demand drivers. Security and responsiveness are experience drivers.		experience drivers.			\bigwedge
Communication foundation for collecting and sending data to users and machines. Availability and affordability are demand drivers. Security and responsiveness are experience drivers.	warenousing data. Access and scalability are demand drivers. Responsiveness and computing power are experience drivers.							o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o
Communication and computing network forms the foundation of connectivity		Cloud Services enables the distribution, adoption and access to the communications and computing foundation int		ytics runs on top to nto information and into solutions and novation	h top to tion and is and visual visua		Future technologies riding on smart IoT drive augmented innovation	
				2				





Transformation is accelerating







Digital infrastructure drives economic growth

A one-point increase in GCI does the following for your nation:



Innovation within Technology Progression



Altrican Brains



HEART Report

When introducing edtech in schools, it is key to plan how it will integrate with pedagogy and the curriculum.

Simply providing equipment is not enough to improve teaching



Innovation in edTech







Integration Boosts Economy

Technology supports internetization, internetization creates new measurable growth



Source: Huawei Consulting Analysis





Indonesia

Increasing ICT supply to give more people access to the digital world, 90% of investment is on ICT hardware



Indonesia FTTH Association (IFA)

Supports national broadband development to boost digital economy



AfricanBrains



China

Increasing ICT demand for industry digitization and high-quality economic growth

Going digital by increasing ICT demand



Launched Broadband China strategy. By 2020: • High-speed broadband to reach 98% of rural villages

- Urban broadband access to hit 50 Mbps while rural access to reach 12 Mbps
- FTTH to deliver 1 Gbps speeds in its most modern cities

Next step: a global manufacturing center based on low carbon economy

Launched the "Made in China 2025" strategy
Incentive policies and investments focusing on cloud services, Big Data analytics and IoT

• Encourage independent innovation of SMEs



Malaysia

Using digital technologies to drive economic transformation



Broadband is #1 technology enabler

Priorities for investing in technologies in 2016







Recommendations for Starters

Policy Markers

- Increase ICT investment as a percentage of GDP to expand mobile broadband nationwide
- Reduce tariffs and subsidize smartphone adoption to get smart devices into homes
- Promote investment in DCs by third parties to meet national computing needs
- Open telecoms market to widen coverage and make broadband affordable through competition
- Plan high-speed broadband through 4G and FTTH rollout



Act now to plan digital transformation initiatives, even if it's only high-speed broadband for e-commerce. The majority of enterprises in the Foundation Innovation stage are in Phase 1 of digital transformation – now is the time to get ahead.

 Lobby the government to define a national
 standard for high-speed broadband bandwidth, coverage, and speed over the next one to two years to support industry digitization.

Step up cloud services to support digital transformation.





Manage as you Measure

Benchmarking national ICT policy: Overall – Supply-side – Demand-side.



National Indices GCI Global Connectivity Index HDI Human Development Index IDI ICT Development Index NRI Network **Readiness Index**



Considerations

Policies institutions and incentives :

Policies set the direction of digital transformation, and form the legal basis for a nation to act.

Incentives set the speed and depth of change and institutions drive change, provide governance, and monitor progress.

Manpower and skills :

Skilled manpower is at the heart of digital transformation. Technical, management, policy, and planning skills are all needed.

IT literacy is crucial as it affects how digital content is consumed and adopted by people at large.



Digital ecosystem:

Governments need to take the lead in digitally transforming themselves, driving crossindustry collaboration, and building long-term partnerships with the private sector and the financial world to create a robust ICT ecosystem.





THANK YOU

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